

Chapter Review

USING KEY TERMS

Complete each of the following sentences by choosing the correct term from the word bank.

mass gravity friction weight
speed velocity net force newton

- _____ opposes motion between surfaces that are touching.
- The _____ is the unit of force.
- _____ is determined by combining forces.
- Acceleration is the rate at which _____ changes.
- _____ is a measure of the gravitational force on an object.

UNDERSTANDING KEY IDEAS

Multiple Choice

- _____ 6. If a student rides her bicycle on a straight road and does not speed up or slow down, she is traveling with a
- constant acceleration.
 - constant velocity.
 - positive acceleration.
 - negative acceleration.
- _____ 7. A force
- is expressed in newtons.
 - can cause an object to speed up, slow down, or change direction.
 - is a push or a pull.
 - All of the above
- _____ 8. If you are in a spacecraft that has been launched into space, your weight would
- increase because gravitational force is increasing.
 - increase because gravitational force is decreasing.
 - decrease because gravitational force is decreasing.
 - decrease because gravitational force is increasing.

Chapter Review *continued*

- _____ 9. The gravitational force between 1 kg of lead and Earth is _____ the gravitational force between 1 kg of marshmallows and Earth.
- a. greater than
 - b. less than
 - c. the same as
 - d. None of the above
- _____ 10. Which of the following is a measurement of velocity?
- a. 16 m east
 - b. 25 m/s²
 - c. 55 m/h south
 - d. 60 km/h

Short Answer

11. Describe the relationship between motion and a reference point.

12. How is it possible to be accelerating and traveling at a constant speed?

13. Explain the difference between mass and weight.

Chapter Review *continued*

Math Skills

14. A kangaroo hops 60 m to the east in 5 s. Use this information to answer the following questions. Show your work below.

a. What is the kangaroo's average speed?

b. What is the kangaroo's average velocity?

c. The kangaroo stops at a lake for a drink of water and then starts hopping again to the south. Each second, the kangaroo's velocity increases 2.5 m/s. What is the kangaroo's acceleration after 5 s?

Chapter Review *continued*

CRITICAL THINKING

15. **Concept Mapping** Use the following terms to create a concept map: *speed*, *acceleration*, *force*, *velocity*, *direction*, and *motion*.

Chapter Review *continued*

16. **Applying Concepts** Your family is moving, and you are asked to help move some boxes. One box is so heavy that you must push it across the room rather than lift it. What are some ways you could reduce friction to make moving the box easier?

17. **Analyzing Ideas** Considering the scientific meaning of the word *acceleration*, how could using the term *accelerator* when talking about a car's gas pedal lead to confusion?

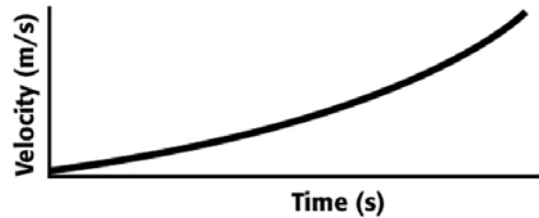
18. **Identifying Relationships** Explain why it is important for airplane pilots to know wind velocity and not just wind speed during a flight.

Chapter Review *continued*

INTERPRETING GRAPHICS

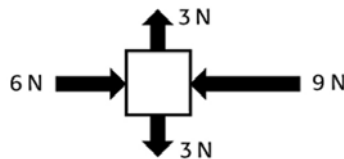
Use the figures below to answer the questions that follow.

19. Is the graph below showing positive acceleration or negative acceleration?
How can you tell?

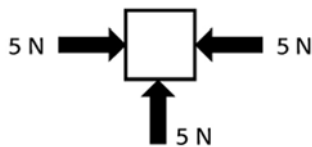


20. You know how to combine two forces that act in one or two directions. The same method can be used to combine several forces acting in several directions. Look at the diagrams, and calculate the net force in each diagram. Predict the direction each object will move.

a.



b.



c.

