I can use unit verbs with prepositional phrases.

What is a preposition?

A word that introduces information to a reader/listener.

The information can include:

**WHERE**  
*Example:* The paper is **under** my book.

**WHEN**  
*Example:* I am going to the mall **after** school.

**PURPOSE**  
*Example:* I'm using the computer **to** do my homework.

**GENERAL**  
*Example:* He likes the girl **with** the cool haircut.

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**Verbs that follow prepositions**

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>para</strong> + infinitive</th>
<th><strong>sin</strong> + infinitive</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two other prepositions commonly used with reflexive verbs are</td>
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<td><strong>para</strong> (<strong>in order to</strong>) and <strong>sin</strong> (<strong>without</strong>). Remember, the only form</td>
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<td>of a verb that can follow a preposition is an <strong>infinitive</strong>. If the verb that</td>
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<td>follows the preposition is reflexive, the reflexive pronoun must be attached to the</td>
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<td><strong>end</strong> of the verb and must reflect back upon the subject.</td>
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**ejemplos**  
**Yo uso una toalla para secarme el pelo.**
**Nosotros salimos de la casa sin peinarnos el pelo.**

What do the two "ejemplos" above mean?

I use a towel in order to dry my hair.

We leave the house without combing our hair.
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Translate these sentences:

1. My mom uses a mirror in order to put on (her) make-up.
   
   **Mi mamá usa un espejo para maquillarse.**

2. They are going to bed without brushing their teeth.
   
   **Ellos se acuestan sin cepillarse los dientes.**

3. I never go to the pool without shaving my legs.
   
   **Yo nunca voy a la piscina sin afeitarme las piernas.**

4. I need an alarm clock in order to wake up.
   
   **Necesito un despertador para despertarme.**