

pH AND pOH

Name _____

The pH of a solution indicates how acidic or basic that solution is.

pH range of 0 - 7 acidic

7 neutral

7-14 basic

Since $[H^+][OH^-] = 10^{-14}$ at $25^\circ C$, if $[H^+]$ is known, the $[OH^-]$ can be calculated and vice versa.

$$pH = -\log [H^+]$$

$$\text{So if } [H^+] = 10^{-6} M, pH = 6.$$

$$pOH = -\log [OH^-]$$

$$\text{So if } [OH^-] = 10^{-8} M, pOH = 8.$$

$$\text{Together, } pH + pOH = 14.$$

Complete the following chart.

	$[H^+]$	pH	$[OH^-]$	pOH	Acidic or Basic
1.	$10^6 M$	5	$10^9 M$	9	Acidic
2.	$10^{-7} M$	7	$10^{-7} M$	7	neutral
3.	$10^{-10} M$	10	$10^4 M$	4	basic
4.	$10^2 M$	2	$10^{-12} M$	12	acidic
5.	$10^{-3} M$	3	$10^{-11} M$	11	acidic
6.	$10^{-12} M$	12	$10^2 M$	2	basic
7.	$10^{-9} M$	9	$10^5 M$	5	basic
8.	$10^{-11} M$	11	$10^{-3} M$	3	basic
9.	$10^{-1} M$	1	$10^{-13} M$	13	acidic
10.	$10^{-6} M$	6	$10^{-8} M$	8	acidic